NOTICE: For the convenience of capital market participants, Chugai makes efforts to provide English translations of the information disclosed in Japanese, provided that the Japanese original prevails over its English translation in the case of any discrepancy found between documentation.



CHUGAI PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD.

Roche A member of the Roche group

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (IFRS) (Non-Audited)

(for the third quarter of the fiscal year 2018)

Name of Company:	Chugai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	October 24, 2018
Stock Listing:	Tokyo Stock Exchange	
Security Code No .:	4519 (URL https://www.chugai-pharm.co.jp/english)	
Representative:	Tatsuro Kosaka, President & CEO	
Contact:	Masahiko Uchida, General Manager of Corporate Communications Department	
Phone:	+81-(0)3-3273-0881	
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Date of Submission of Quarterly Marketable Securities Filings: October 26, 2018

Date on which Dividend Payments to Commence: ----

Supplementary Materials Prepared for the Quarterly Financial Statements: Yes

Presentation Held to Explain the Quarterly Financial Statements: Yes (for institutional investors, securities analysts and the media)

(Note: Amounts of less than one million yen are rounded.)

1. Consolidated results for the third quarter of FY 2018 (January 1, 2018–September 30, 2018)

(1) Consolidated operating results

	Revenues	% change	Operating profit	% change	Net income	% change
First nine months of FY 2018	¥426,440 million	10.0	¥97,912 million	28.4	¥70,872 million	22.5
First nine months of FY 2017	¥387,645 million	7.2	¥76,233 million	30.0	¥57,851 million	32.4

	Net income attributable to Chugai shareholders	% change	Total comprehensive income	% change
First nine months of FY 2018	¥70,340 million	23.0	¥70,856 million	21.8
First nine months of FY 2017	¥57,196 million	32.8	¥58,177 million	61.7

	Earnings per share (Basic)	Earnings per share (Diluted)
First nine months of FY 2018	¥128.60	¥128.39
First nine months of FY 2017	¥104.66	¥104.51

Note: Percentages represent changes compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year.

(2) Consolidated results (balance sheet)

	Total assets	Total equity	Equity attributable to Chugai shareholders	Ratio of equity attributable to Chugai shareholders
As of Sep. 30, 2018	¥890,843 million	¥739,648 million	¥738,977 million	83.0%
As of Dec. 31, 2017	¥852,473 million	¥692,897 million	¥691,924 million	81.2%

2. Dividends

		Annual dividends per share				
	End of first	End of second	End of third	End of fiscal year	Total	
	quarter	quarter	quarter			
FY ended Dec. 2017	—	¥29.00	_	¥33.00	¥62.00	
FY ending Dec. 2018	—	¥31.00				
FY ending Dec. 2018 (Forecast)			_	¥31.00	¥62.00	

Note: Whether the most recent dividend forecast has been revised: No

3. Consolidated forecasts for FY 2018 (January 1, 2018–December 31, 2018)

	Revenues	% change	Core operating profit	% change	Core ear per sh	U	Core dividend payout ratio %
First nine months of FY 2018 (Results)	¥426,440 million	78.8	¥103,251 million	95.6	¥135.14	91.9	-
FY ending Dec. 2018 (Forecast)	¥541,500 million	1.4	¥108,000 million	4.7	¥147.00	6.0	42.2

Notes: 1. Percentages shown for forecasts of revenues, Core operating profit and Core EPS represent changes from the same period of the previous fiscal year. Percentages for results represent the percentage of forecast levels that have been achieved to date.

2. Whether the most recent forecasts for consolidated figures have been revised: No

3. The figures for the consolidated forecasts and actuals are calculated based on Core basis indicators established by Chugai Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. ("Chugai") and used on a consistent basis. Core EPS is diluted earnings per share attributable to Chugai shareholders on a Core basis.

4. Others

(1) Changes in the state of material subsidiaries during the period (Changes in the state of specific subsidiaries with change in scope of consolidation): None

(2) Changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates

- (a) Changes in accounting policies required by IFRS: Yes
- (b) Changes in accounting policies other than those in (a) above: None
- (c) Changes in accounting estimates: None
- (3) Number of shares issued (common stock):

(a) Number of shares issued at the end of the period (including treasury stock)

(b) Number of treasury stock at the end of the period

(c) Average number of shares issued during the period (nine months)

	As of Sep. 30, 2018	559,685,889	As of Dec. 31, 2017	559,685,889
	As of Sep. 30, 2018	12,493,558	As of Dec. 31, 2017	12,909,947
g	First nine months of FY 2018	546,965,253	First nine months of FY 2017	546,484,377

Notes:

The quarterly financial statements are not subject to quarterly reviews.

Explanation of the appropriate use of performance forecasts and other related items

(1) Portions of this report that refer to performance forecasts or any other future events are believed to be reasonable under information available at the time of the forecasts. Actual results may differ from these forecasts due to potential risks and uncertainties.

(2) The forecast which is published for shareholders and investors is based on the internal management indicator Core basis under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The difference between IFRS results and Core results will be explained at each event and presentation.

(3) For the specifics of the forecasts, please refer to "Forecast for consolidated performance" on page 5 of the attached document.
(4) Chugai is scheduled to hold a conference call as noted below. The materials used for the call, the verbal recording, the Q&A, and other related documents will be posted on the Chugai's website following the conclusion of the conference call.

Teleconference for institutional investors, securities analysts and the media (Japanese only): October 24, 2018, Wednesday (Japan time). The English translation of the conference materials will be posted on the website on the next business day.

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1. Qualitative Information

(1) Consolidated operating results in billions of yen

	First nine months of FY 2018.12 (Jan. 1, 2018–Sep. 30, 2018)	First nine months of FY 2017.12 (Jan. 1, 2017–Sep. 30, 2017)	% change
Core results	•	•	
Revenues	426.4	387.6	+10.0
Sales (excluding Tamiflu)	379.8	354.8	+7.0
Tamiflu sales	8.9	10.0	(11.0)
Royalties and other operating income	37.7	22.9	+64.6
Cost of sales	(194.3)	(185.6)	+4.7
Gross profit	232.1	202.1	+14.8
Marketing and distribution	(50.4)	(49.2)	+2.4
Research and development	(66.3)	(63.2)	+4.9
General and administration	(12.2)	(11.0)	+10.9
Operating profit	103.3	78.7	+31.3
Net income	74.6	59.7	+25.0
	-	•I	
IFRS results			
Revenues	426.4	387.6	+10.0
Operating profit	97.9	76.2	+28.5
Net income	70.9	57.9	+22.5

Consolidated financial highlights (IFRS results)

Revenues for the nine months under review were $\frac{426.4}{20.4}$ billion (an increase of 10.0% year on year), operating profit for the nine months was $\frac{497.9}{20.5}$ billion (an increase of 28.5% year on year), and net income for the nine months was $\frac{470.9}{20.5}$ billion (an increase of 22.5% year on year). These results include non-Core items, such as amortization of intangible assets of $\frac{40.9}{20.5}$ billion and impairment loss of intangible assets of $\frac{44.4}{20.4}$ billion, which are excluded from the Core results that Chugai adopts to manage recurring business activities.

Consolidated financial highlights (Core results)

Revenues for the nine months under review were ¥426.4 billion (an increase of 10.0% year on year), due to increases both in sales and royalties and other operating income.

Of revenues, sales excluding Tamiflu were ¥379.8 billion (an increase of 7.0% year on year), mainly due to increases in exports of Actemra and Alecensa to Roche, along with the steady sales growth of domestic sales of new products as well as mainstay products in the Oncology area and mainstay products in the bone and joint diseases area. Royalties and other operating income amounted to ¥37.7 billion (an increase of 64.6% year on year), due to one-time income and others reported in the first quarter results, primarily from the transfer of long-term listed products to Taiyo Pharma Co., Ltd.

Cost to sales ratio was 50.0%, a 0.9 percentage point improvement year on year, due to a change in the product mix, etc. As a result, gross profit amounted to $\frac{1}{232.1}$ billion (an increase of 14.8% year on year).

Operating expenses were \$128.9 billion (an increase of 4.5% year on year). Marketing and distribution expenses were \$50.4 billion (an increase of 2.4% year on year), due to the increase in sales promotion activities mainly for new products and the effects of foreign exchange rates, research and development expenses amounted to \$66.3 billion (an increase of 4.9% year on year), due primarily to the progress of projects, and general and administration expenses amounted to \$12.2 billion (an increase of 10.9% year on year), due to an increase in various expenses including the enterprise tax and legal expenses. As a result, Core operating profit was \$103.3 billion (an increase of 31.3% year on year) and Core net income was \$74.6 billion (an increase of 25.0% year on year).

Note: Core results

Chugai discloses its results on a Core basis from 2013 in conjunction with its transition to IFRS. Core results are the results after adjusting non-recurring items recognized by Chugai to IFRS results, and are consistent with the Core concept disclosed by Roche. Core results are used by Chugai as an internal performance indicator, for explaining the status of recurring profits both internally and externally, and as the basis for payment-by-results.

For further details regarding the adjustment to IFRS results, please refer to the Supplementary Materials on page 5, entitled "Reconciliation of IFRS results to Core results."

Sales breakdown in billions of yen

	First nine months of FY 2018.12 (Jan. 1, 2018–Sep. 30, 2018)	First nine months of FY 2017.12 (Jan. 1, 2017–Sep. 30, 2017)	% change
Sales	388.7	364.8	+6.6
Domestic sales (excluding Tamiflu)	281.9	281.0	+0.3
Oncology	163.3	163.5	(0.1)
Bone and joint diseases	72.4	67.1	+7.9
Renal diseases	26.3	28.3	(7.1)
Others	19.9	22.0	(9.5)
Tamiflu sales	8.9	10.0	(11.0)
Ordinary use	8.3	6.3	+31.7
Government stockpiles	0.5	3.7	(86.5)
Overseas sales	97.9	73.8	+32.7

Domestic sales (excluding Tamiflu)

Domestic sales excluding Tamiflu were ¥281.9 billion (an increase of 0.3% year on year), due to the steady growth of the new products as well as mainstay products in the Oncology area and mainstay products in the bone and joint diseases area, despite a decrease in sales of certain anti-cancer agents as a result of the NHI drug price revisions in April 2018.

Oncology products sales were ¥163.3 billion (a decrease of 0.1% year on year). This decrease was due to a decrease in sales of Herceptin (an anti-HER2 humanized monoclonal antibody, anti-cancer agent) and Rituxan (an anti-CD20 monoclonal antibody, anti-cancer agent) mainly as a result of the NHI drug price revisions in April 2018, despite favorable performances of Tecentriq (an anti-PD-L1 humanized monoclonal antibody, anti-cancer agent), which was launched in April 2018, as well as the mainstay product, Alecensa (an ALK inhibitor, anti-cancer agent).

Bone and joint diseases products sales were ¥72.4 billion (an increase of 7.9% year on year). This was due to the robust sales of mainstay products such as Actemra (a humanized anti-IL-6 receptor monoclonal antibody) and Edirol (an oral therapeutic agent for osteoporosis).

Renal diseases products sales amounted to ± 26.3 billion (a decrease of 7.1% year on year) due to a decline mainly in sales of Oxarol (an agent for secondary hyperparathyroidism) and Mircera (a long-acting erythropoiesis-stimulating agent), primarily as a result of the NHI drug price revisions in April 2018.

Other products sales were ¥19.9 billion (a decrease of 9.5% year on year) due primarily to decreases in sales of Rohypnol, whose marketing authorization was transferred in the previous year, and long-term listed products transferred to Taiyo Pharma Co., Ltd., despite the favorable market penetration of Hemlibra (coagulation factor VIII substitute) launched in May 2018.

Tamiflu sales

Sales of Tamiflu (an anti-influenza agent) for ordinary use were ¥8.3 billion (an increase of 31.7% year on year), while sales to government stockpiles etc. were ¥0.5 billion (a decrease of 86.5% year on year).

Overseas sales

Overseas sales amounted to ¥97.9 billion (an increase of 32.7% year on year) due mainly to increases in exports of Actemra and Alecensa to Roche.

(2) Consolidated financial position

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	% change
Movements of assets and liabilities			1
Net working capital	238.5	250.7	(4.9)
Long-term net operating assets	224.3	189.5	+18.4
Net operating assets (NOA)	462.7	440.2	+5.1
Net cash	268.6	242.8	+10.6
Other non-operating assets – net	8.3	9.9	(16.2)
Total net assets	739.6	692.9	+6.7
Consolidated balance sheet (IFRS basis)		
Total assets	890.8	852.5	+4.5
Total liabilities	(151.2)	(159.6)	(5.3)
Total net assets	739.6	692.9	+6.7

Assets, liabilities, and net assets in billions of yen

Net working capital at September 30, 2018 was \$238.5 billion (a decrease of \$12.2 billion since the end of the previous fiscal year), due mainly to a decrease in inventories and an increase in accounts payable-trade. Long-term net operating assets increased by \$34.8 billion since the end of the previous fiscal year to \$224.3 billion, due mainly to an increase in property, plant and equipment. As a result, net operating assets (NOA) were \$462.7 billion, an increase of \$22.5 billion since the end of the previous fiscal year.

As the table entitled "Cash flows" on the next page indicates, net cash, including marketable securities and interest-bearing debt, increased by $\frac{125.8}{1.6}$ billion since the end of the previous fiscal year to $\frac{1268.6}{1.6}$ billion. Other non-operating assets - net decreased by $\frac{11.6}{1.6}$ billion since the end of the previous fiscal year to $\frac{188.3}{1.6}$ billion, due mainly to a decrease in investment securities.

With the application of IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers,' deferred income of ¥10.6 billion after tax effect, which was included in net working capital and long-term net operating assets at the beginning of the year, has been presented as retained earnings.

As a consequence, total net assets were ¥739.6 billion (an increase of ¥46.7 billion since the end of the previous fiscal year).

Note: Movements of assets and liabilities

The consolidated balance sheet has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS) No. 1, "Presentation of Financial Statements." On the other hand, "Movements of assets and liabilities" including net operating assets (NOA) are a reconfiguration of the consolidated balance sheet as internal indicators and are identical to the indicators disclosed by Roche. Furthermore, no items from the assets and liabilities have been excluded, as the Core results concept only applies to the income statement.

For further details, please refer to the Supplementary Materials on page 8, entitled "Movements of assets and liabilities."

Note: Net operating assets (NOA)

Net operating assets allow for an assessment of the Group's operating performance of the business independently from financing and tax activities. Net operating assets are calculated as net working capital, long-term net operating assets that includes property, plant and equipment, intangible assets etc. minus provisions.

Cash flows in billions of yen

	First nine months of FY 2018.12 (Jan. 1, 2018–Sep. 30, 2018)	First nine months of FY 2017.12 (Jan. 1, 2017–Sep. 30, 2017)	% change
Movements of free cash flows			
Operating profit - IFRS basis	97.9	76.2	+28.5
Operating profit, net of operating cash adjustments	116.4	90.5	+28.6
Operating free cash flows	90.7	56.2	+61.4
Free cash flows	60.7	31.1	+95.2
Net change in net cash	25.8	3.2	+706.3
Consolidated statement of cash flows (IFRS basis)			
Cash flows from operating activities	86.8	68.8	+26.2
Cash flows from investing activities	(45.2)	(38.2)	+18.3
Cash flows from financing activities	(34.2)	(29.8)	+14.8
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	6.9	2.2	+213.6
Cash and cash equivalents at September 30	146.0	97.6	+49.6

Operating profit, net of operating cash adjustments, amounted to ¥116.4 billion. This is calculated by adjusting for depreciation and other items that are included in operating profit but are not accompanied by cash inflows or outflows and all inflows and outflows related to NOA that are not accompanied by profit and loss. The principal items influencing this result were a total of ¥11.1 billion in depreciation as well as impairment loss of property, plant and equipment.

Operating free cash flows, which are calculated by adding a decrease in net working capital of ¥2.7 billion and also subtracting expenditures of ¥28.4 billion for the purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets from operating profit, net of operating cash adjustments, amounted to a net inflow of ¥90.7 billion. Factors accounting for the decrease in net working capital are as shown on the previous page in the table entitled "Assets, liabilities, and net assets." Purchases of property, plant and equipment were mainly expenditures for purchase of buildings and equipment of the laboratories and plants.

Free cash flows were a net cash inflow of ± 60.7 billion. This is calculated by subtracting a total of ± 30.0 billion of non-operating cash outflows from financial asset management, settlement for transfer pricing taxation and income taxes paid from operating free cash flows.

The net change in net cash, after dividends paid and foreign currency translation adjustments, was an increase of $\frac{1}{25.8}$ billion in comparison with the end of the previous fiscal year. The net change in cash and cash equivalents, excluding changes in marketable securities and interest-bearing debt, was a net cash inflow of $\frac{1}{6.9}$ billion. The cash and cash equivalents balance at the end of the third quarter amounted to $\frac{1}{46.0}$ billion.

Note: Movements of free cash flows (FCF)

The consolidated statement of cash flows has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) No. 7, "Statement of Cash Flows." FCF is a reconfiguration of the consolidated statement of cash flows as internal indicators and is identical to the indicators disclosed by Roche. Furthermore, no items from FCF have been excluded, as the Core results concept only applies to the income statement.

For further details, please refer to the Supplementary Materials on page 9, entitled "Movements of free cash flows."

(3) Forecast for consolidated performance

Chugai has not made any changes in its forecast of consolidated results for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2018 since the announcement regarding the forecast issued on February 1, 2018.

Note: In "1. Qualitative Information," amounts less than ¥0.1 billion have been rounded to the nearest ¥0.1 billion. Figures for changes in amounts and percentages have been calculated using data denominated in ¥0.1 billion units.

2. Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Major Notes

(1) Interim condensed consolidated income statement and interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income

1) Interim condensed consolidated income statement in millions of yen

	First nine months ended September 30		
	2018	2017	
Revenues	426,440	387,645	
Sales	388,696	364,791	
Royalties and other operating income	37,744	22,855	
Cost of sales	(195,013)	(186,507)	
Gross profit	231,428	201,138	
Marketing and distribution	(50,442)	(49,181)	
Research and development	(70,882)	(65,679)	
General and administration	(12,191)	(10,046)	
Operating profit	97,912	76,233	
Financing costs	(86)	(90)	
Other financial income (expense)	(74)	(193)	
Other expense	(2,119)	(1,097)	
Profit before taxes	95,632	74,853	
Income taxes	(24,760)	(17,002)	
Net income	70,872	57,851	
Attributable to:			
Chugai shareholders	70,340	57,196	
Non-controlling interests	532	655	
Earnings per share			
Basic (yen)	128.60	104.66	
Diluted (yen)	128.39	104.51	

	First nine months ended September 30		
	2018	2017	
Net income recognized in income statement	70,872	57,851	
Other comprehensive income			
Fair value changes on equity investments at fair value through OCI	769	_	
Items that will never be reclassified to the income statement	769	_	
Available-for-sale investments	_	49	
Fair value changes on debt investments at fair value through OCI	(1)	—	
Cash flow hedges	244	(2,774)	
Currency translation of foreign operations	(1,027)	3,050	
Items that are or may be reclassified to the income statement	(785)	325	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	(15)	325	
Total comprehensive income	70,856	58,177	
Attributable to:			
Chugai shareholders	70,341	57,436	
Non-controlling interests	516	741	

(2) Interim condensed consolidated balance sheet in millions of yen

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	
Assets			
Non-current assets:			
Property, plant and equipment	187,605	171,569	
Intangible assets	19,780	21,078	
Financial non-current assets	10,309	11,350	
Deferred tax assets	31,268	34,501	
Other non-current assets	20,910	14,836	
Total non-current assets	269,872	253,333	
Current assets:			
Inventories	163,841	169,056	
Accounts receivable	172,028	174,284	
Current income tax assets	9	717	
Marketable securities	122,876	104,018	
Cash and cash equivalents	145,977	139,074	
Other current assets	16,241	11,990	
Total current assets	620,971	599,141	
Total assets	890,843	852,473	
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities:			
Long-term debt	(114)	(207)	
Deferred tax liabilities	(8,004)	(9,211)	
Defined benefit plan liabilities	(10,699)	(9,292)	
Long-term provisions	(2,062)	(2,041)	
Other non-current liabilities	(1,965)	(15,923)	
Total non-current liabilities	(22,843)	(36,674)	
Current liabilities:			
Short-term debt	(133)	(129)	
Current income tax liabilities	(14,419)	(18,541)	
Short-term provisions	(1)	(79)	
Accounts payable	(72,977)	(63,518)	
Other current liabilities	(40,821)	(40,635)	
Total current liabilities	(128,352)	(122,902)	
Total liabilities	(151,195)	(159,576)	
Total net assets	739,648	692,897	
Equity:			
Capital and reserves attributable to Chugai shareholders	738,977	691,924	
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	671	973	
Total equity	739,648	692,897	

(3) Interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows in millions of yen

	First nine months ended September 30		
	2018	2017	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	119,780	93,672	
(Increase) decrease in working capital	2,742	4,388	
Payments made for defined benefit plans	(2,025)	(1,913)	
Utilization of provisions	(27)	(25)	
Other operating cash flows	(2,350)	(5,513)	
Cash flows from operating activities, before income taxes paid	118,121	90,610	
Income taxes paid	(31,289)	(21,854)	
Total cash flows from operating activities	86,833	68,756	
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(23,808)	(29,768)	
Purchase of intangible assets	(4,568)	(8,932)	
Disposal of property, plant and equipment	4	13 157	
Interest and dividends received	113		
Purchases of marketable securities	(193,507)	(161,468) 161,791 —	
Sales of marketable securities	174,412		
Purchases of investment securities	(709)		
Sales of investment securities	2,863	_	
Other investing cash flows	—	(5)	
Total cash flows from investing activities	(45,199)	(38,212)	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interest paid	(4)	(5)	
Dividends paid to Chugai shareholders	(34,900)	(29,947)	
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders	-	(944)	
Exercise of equity compensation plans	897	575	
(Increase) decrease in own equity instruments	(12)	(11)	
Other financing cash flows	(146)	570	
Total cash flows from financing activities	(34,164)	(29,761)	
Net effect of currency translation on cash and cash equivalents	(567)	1,431	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,902	2,213	
Cash and cash equivalents at January 1	139,074	95,368	
Cash and cash equivalents at September 30	145,977	97,582	

(4) Interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity in millions of yen

For the first nine months ended September 30, 2017 (Jan. 1, 2017–Sep. 30, 2017)

	Attributable to Chugai shareholders						
	Share capital	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Other reserves	Subtotal	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
At January 1, 2017	72,967	63,500	507,399	1,642	645,508	989	646,497
Net income	—	—	57,196	_	57,196	655	57,851
Available-for-sale investments	—	—	—	49	49	—	49
Cash flow hedges	—	_	—	(2,774)	(2,774)		(2,774)
Currency translation of foreign operations	—	_	—	2,964	2,964	86	3,050
Total comprehensive income	_		57,196	239	57,436	741	58,177
Dividends	_	_	(30,055)	_	(30,055)	(944)	(30,998)
Equity compensation plans	_	110	—	_	110	—	110
Own equity instruments		773			773		773
At September 30, 2017	72,967	64,383	534,540	1,882	673,772	786	674,558

For the first nine months ended September 30, 2018 (Jan. 1, 2018–Sep. 30, 2018)

	Attributable to Chugai shareholders						
	Share capital	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Other reserves	Subtotal	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
At January 1, 2018	72,970	64,815	550,974	3,166	691,924	973	692,897
Impact of changes in accounting policies	_	_	10,606		10,606		10,606
At January 1, 2018 (revised)	72,970	64,815	561,580	3,166	702,530	973	703,503
Net income		—	70,340	—	70,340	532	70,872
Net change in fair value – financial assets at fair value through OCI	_	—	—	768	768	_	768
Cash flow hedges	_	—	_	244	244	—	244
Currency translation of foreign operations	—	—	—	(1,011)	(1,011)	(16)	(1,027)
Total comprehensive income	_	_	70,340	1	70,341	516	70,856
Dividends	_	_	(35,003)	_	(35,003)	(817)	(35,820)
Equity compensation plans	26	(117)	_	—	(91)	—	(91)
Own equity instruments		1,200		—	1,200	—	1,200
Transfer from other reserves to retained earnings	_		1,498	(1,498)	_		
At September 30, 2018	72,995	65,898	598,415	1,669	738,977	671	739,648

(5) Notes regarding the going concern assumption None

(6) Notes regarding the interim condensed consolidated financial statements

1) General accounting principles and significant accounting policies

a. Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements

These financial statements are the interim condensed consolidated financial statements ("Interim Financial Statements") of Chugai, a company registered in Japan, and its subsidiaries ("the Group"). The common stock of Chugai is publicly traded and listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange under the stock code "TSE: 4519." The Interim Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on October 24, 2018.

Roche Holding Ltd. is a public company registered in Switzerland and the parent company of the Roche Group, which discloses its results in accordance with IFRS. The shareholding percentage of Roche Holding Ltd. in Chugai is 59.89% (61.26% of the total number of shares issued excluding treasury stock). The Group became principal members of the Roche Group after entering into a strategic alliance in October 2002.

The Group meets all of the requirements for a "Specified Company under Designated International Financial Reporting Standards" as stipulated under Article 1-2 of the "Ordinance on Terminology, Forms, and Preparation Methods of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements" (Japanese Cabinet Ordinance No. 64, 2007). Hence, in accordance with Article 93 of the same Ordinance, the Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting."

The Interim Financial Statements should be used with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 as they do not include all the information as required for the consolidated financial statements for the full fiscal year.

The Interim Financial Statements are presented in Japanese yen, which is Chugai's functional currency and amounts are rounded to the nearest \$1 million. They have been prepared using the historical cost convention except for items that are required to be accounted for at fair value.

b. Key accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Interim Financial Statements requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, and contingent amounts. Actual outcomes could differ from those management estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis and are based on historical experience and various other factors. Revisions to estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised.

The information for judgment, estimates, and assumptions that have a material impact on the amount recognized in the Interim Financial Statements of the Group is principally the same for the prior fiscal year.

c. Significant accounting policies

The Group applies the same significant accounting policies that are used for the previous fiscal year to the Interim Financial Statements, except for those stated in d. Changes in accounting policies below.

d. Changes in accounting policies

In 2018 the Group implemented the following new standards, including any consequential amendments to other standards, with a date of initial application of January 1, 2018.

- IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'
- IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

The nature and the effects of the changes most relevant to the Group's Interim Financial Statements are given below.

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'

Effective January 1, 2018 the Group has implemented IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments.' The new standard replaces IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.' The standard deals with the classification, recognition and measurement (including impairment) of financial instruments and also introduces a new hedge accounting model.

There is no material impact on the Group's performance or financial position from the application of this standard.

Classification and measurement of financial instruments.

Items such as equity securities and debt securities which were previously classified as available-for-sale under IAS 39, with the exception of time accounts over three months, are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and time accounts over three months as amortized cost. Though the Group takes advantage of the exemption allowing it not to restate comparative information for prior periods with respect to classification and measurement changes, since there were no changes in the carrying amounts, no adjustments were made to retained earnings as of January 1, 2018.

Changes in the fair value of equity instruments designated as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in other comprehensive income, and the cumulative amount of other comprehensive income is transferred to retained earnings when the instruments are derecognized.

Impairment of financial assets.

On January 1, 2018 the Group changed the methodology of assessing impairment of its financial assets from the incurred loss model (used in IAS 39) to the expected credit loss model (used in IFRS 9). In accordance with the transitional provisions of IFRS 9, the Group has not restated prior periods but it has reassessed the impairment allowances under the new approach as of January 1, 2018. As the impact of the transition was immaterial, the Group has recognized it as profit and loss for the fiscal year.

Hedge accounting.

As the Group may continue to apply the hedge accounting requirements of IAS 39 instead of those in IFRS 9 at the initial application of IFRS 9, the Group has chosen to continue to apply the hedge accounting requirements of IAS 39.

IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

Effective January 1, 2018 the Group has implemented IFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers.' The new standard replaces IAS 18 'Revenue' and IAS 11 'Construction Contracts.' IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognized, and also contains new requirements related to presentation. The core principle in that framework is that revenue should be recognized dependent on the transfer of promised goods or services to the customer for an amount that reflects the consideration which should be received in exchange for those goods or services. The objective of the standard is to provide a five-step approach to revenue recognition that includes identifying contracts with customers, identifying performance obligations, determining transaction prices, allocating transaction prices to performance obligations, in constraining estimates and assumptions, for multiple-element contracts in identifying performance obligation. The new standard results in an increased volume of disclosure information in the Annual Financial Statements.

Changes introduced by the standard relevant to the Group.

The new standard provides new requirements and additional guidance that are relevant to the Group, notably on the following areas:

- Revenues from licenses of intellectual property, including sales-based royalties, on constraining estimates of variable consideration such as e.g. development milestones that may be regarded as a separate performance obligation involving variable consideration. There is no material impact from these changes.
- The new standard also clarifies how to allocate sales, including the treatment of discounts, to each element in multiple-elements contracts and when to recognize sales for each of those elements. It requires the use of estimates and assumptions and some judgement to apply this guidance in practice. There is no material impact from this guidance.
- Out-licensing contracts may be entered into with no further obligation or may include commitments to research, late-stage development, regulatory approval, co-marketing or manufacturing. These may be settled by a combination of up-front payments, milestone payments, and reimbursements for services provided. Whether to consider these commitments as a single performance obligation or separate ones, or even being in scope of IFRS 15, is not straight-forward and requires some judgement. Depending on the conclusion, this may result in all revenue being calculated at inception and either being recognized at once or spread over the term of a longer performance obligation. With the application of this standard, upfront payment received, which was formerly recognized over time as deferred income, is recognized as one-time income on out-licensing.

Transition approach.

The Group recognizes the cumulative effect of applying the new standard at the date of initial application, with no restatement of the comparative periods presented. It records the cumulative effect, the amount of \$10,606 million after tax effect, as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings at the date of initial application. Except for this adjustment, there is no material impact on the Group's performance or financial position from the application of this standard.